

## TEST 2 Review

(1)  
G709

Summer 09

what's inside? (Chapter 6)

deep canyons

regolith

bed rock

rocks form @  
surface

basement (rocks form  
@ depth)

drill cont basement - "granite"

ocean basin - "basalt"

xenoliths peridotite

seismic waves

slow fast → bend towards boundary

cross rock types

fast slow → reflect from boundary

- reflect

- split

refract { slow-fast  $\Rightarrow$  bend towards boundary  
fast-slow  $\Rightarrow$  bend away from boundary

discover: - MHO  $\rightarrow$  slow crust  
fast mantle

cont crust Thick 30-70km

ocean crust Thin 6-10km

- core mantle boundary  $\frac{\text{fast mantle}}{\text{slow core}}$

- liquid core - inner core boundary  $\frac{\text{slow outer core}}{\text{fast inner core}}$

$\rightarrow$  shadow zones

P-wave (103 to 143)

retracted into core  
then outer core

S-wave (103 to 180°) liquid outer core

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## Ray Paths (activities)

- P - P wave mantle
- S - S wave mantle
- C - reflected from CMB
- K - P wave OC
- i - reflected from IOB
- I - P wave ~~inner core~~ IC
- J - S wave IC

Earth Structure      { crust  
                          mantle  
                          outer core  
                          inner core  
known comp /  
of each layer!

seismic velocity varies w/  $\rho$  = density  $\rightarrow$  high  $\rho \rightarrow$  slow  
 $K$  = bulk modulus  $\rightarrow$  high  $\rightarrow$  fast  
 $\mu$  = shear modulus  $\rightarrow$   $K \propto \mu$

&  $\rho K \mu$  varying w/ composition controls  $\rho$   
T - high T  
P - high P higher  $\rho$   
• compare { predicted travel time  
                          observed travel time  $\Rightarrow$  lateral heterogeneity  
                          "tomography"  
                          warm & cold  
                          spots in m

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## Plate Tectonic Chapter 7

Sea Floor Features - trenches  
ridges  
abyssal plains  
cont shelves

### Sea Floor Spreading

- crust created at ridges
- crust subducted @ trenches
- evidence  $\rightarrow$  magnetic stripes
- explains young sea floor (oldest  $\sim 200$  m.y.)

### Plate Tectonics

BASIC IDEA surface breaks into plates  
plates more independent  
@ edges - Eq volc mtn  
@ center - stability

defining plates  
edges } seafloor feature  
EQ  
volcanoes  
mtns  
bottoms:      lithosphere (high velocity, rigid)  
asthenosphere (low velocity, partially melted)

### types of boundaries

divergent  
transform  
convergent

know } motion  
features  
+ Eq assoc  
w/ each

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## EQs & volcanoes & tsunamis (Chapt 9)

### Volcanoes

Eruption Prediction:

MSH learning exp

Nevado Del Ruiz - Tragedy

Mt Pinatubo - Success

- EQs → Precede eruptions for weeks
- may peak prior to BIG ERUPTION
- harmonic tremors → movement of magma Q<sup>inc.</sup>
- focii - outline magma chambers      Q?

### Tsunami (activity that shook the world)

generation - EQ, landslide, impact

↳ EQ volc trigger

travel - open ocean - shallow water wave  
period 15-30min, amplitude - often less  
wavelength - 100s of miles, speed ~500 mph.

@ coast - slow, shorten, steepen, heighten

Essay  
how come  
tsunami will  
not affect  
not in our  
now in our  
so  
@ shore  
down

PNW EQs

Prediction