

## Key Concepts: Graphing parabolas

Complete Table 1, and then graph onto Figure 1 the quadratic equation  $y = x^2 - 2x - 3$ .

Table 1

$x$	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$y$											

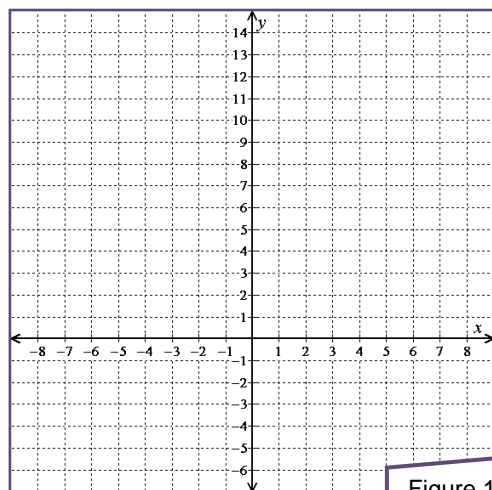


Figure 1

State the intercepts, vertex, and axis-of-symmetry for the parabola  $y = x^2 - 2x - 3$ .

Complete Table 2, and then graph onto Figure 2 the parabola  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x + 10$ .

Table 2

$x$	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y$											

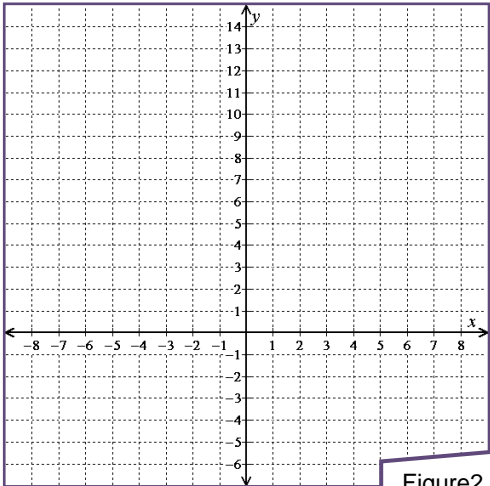


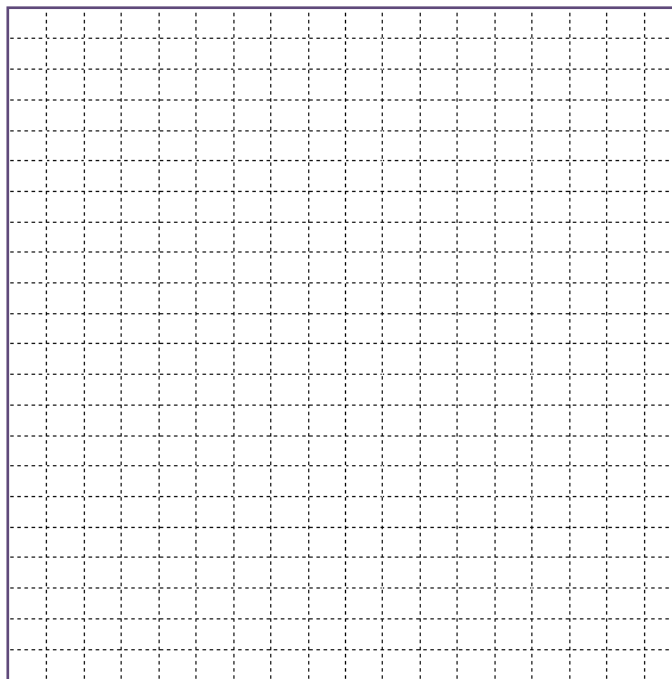
Figure2

State the intercepts, vertex, and axis-of-symmetry for the parabola  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x + 10$ .

For each parabola, use the formula  $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$  to find the  $x$ -coordinate of the vertex. Then make a table showing seven points (centered at the vertex, if possible) that lie on the parabola. Find and state the intercepts of the parabola. Finally, graph the parabola.

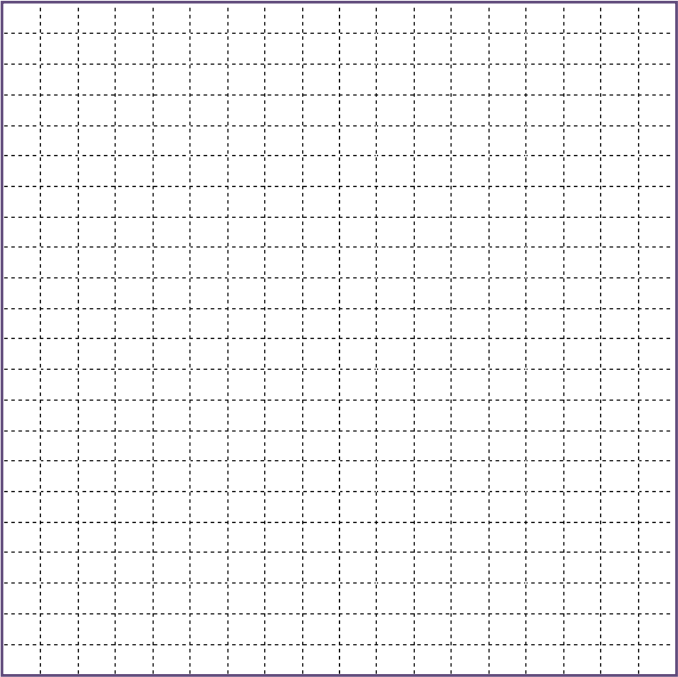
$$y = x^2 - 8x + 7$$

$x$	$y$



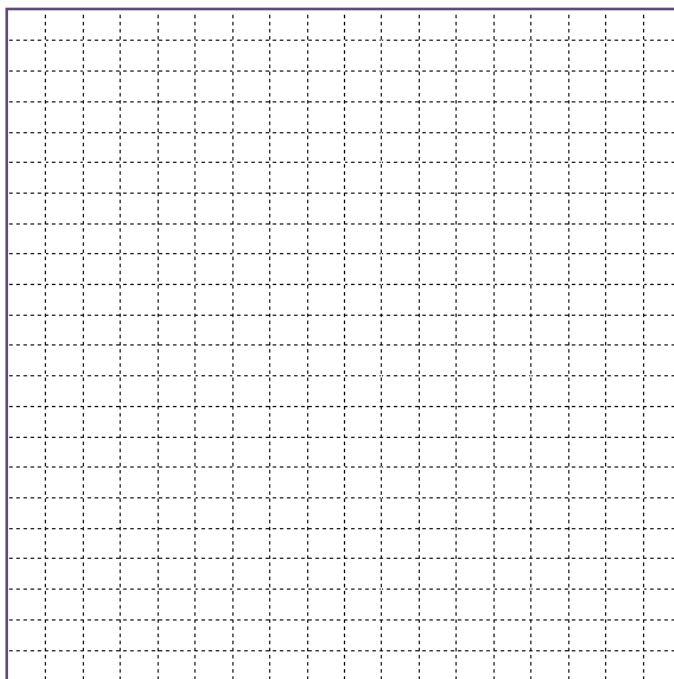
$$y = -x^2 - 8x + 12$$

$x$	$y$



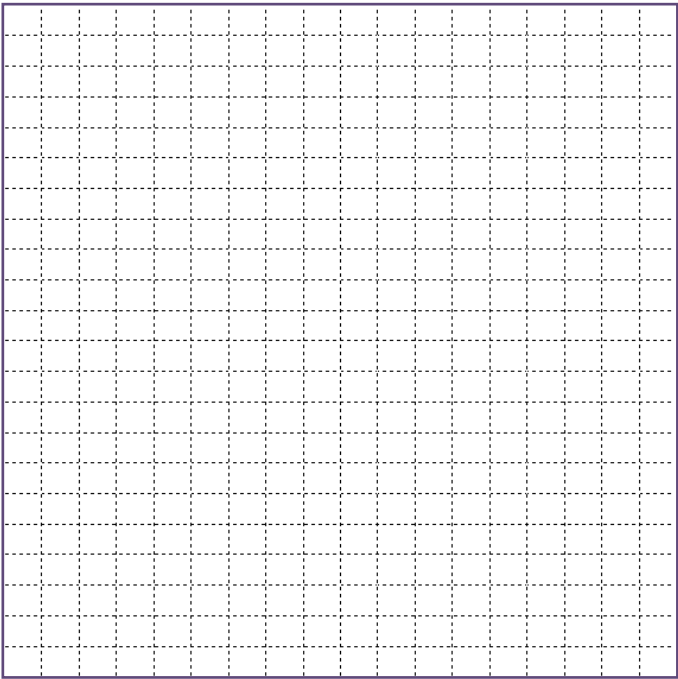
$$y = x^2 - 10x + 25$$

$x$	$y$



$$y = -4x^2 + 12x - 27$$

$x$	$y$



Dieter swiped his sister's lacrosse stick and ball and climbed to the roof of his granny's condo tower. Dieter stuck the ball in the net of the stick and flung the ball straight up with the stick exactly at roof level and the ball 3 feet past the edge of the roof.

The height above the ground of the ball (ft)  $t$  seconds after Dieter did his flinging is modeled by the function  $h(t) = -16t^2 + 38t + 86$ . Find each of the following.

- The height of granny's condo tower.
- The maximum height reached by the ball.
- The time (to the nearest  $10^{\text{th}}$  of a second) it took for the ball to hit the ground once Dieter had flung the ball.



*A few minutes later Dieter's granny has other uses in mind for her lacrosse stick.*

Group work questions

1. Find the vertex of each parabola.

a.  $y = x^2 - 7x + 11$

b.  $y = -2x^2 - 12x - 50$

c.  $y = x^2 - 8x - 9$

d.  $y = (3x + 8)^2$

2. Find the intercepts of each parabola.

a.  $y = x^2 - 7x + 11$

b.  $y = -2x^2 - 12x - 50$

c.  $y = x^2 - 8x - 9$

d.  $y = (3x + 8)^2$

3. Graph each parabola. Make sure that you clearly show the symmetry of the parabola and that your axes are well labeled and scaled.

a.  $y = x^2 - 7x + 11$

b.  $y = -2x^2 - 12x - 50$

c.  $y = x^2 - 8x - 9$

d.  $y = (3x + 8)^2$

4. The next day Ricky ran into Abdou in the Subway shop on Capitol Highway. Ricky said "whaddup?" Abdou said "Check it out, fool. I took the tofu pita pocket my moms packed me for lunch and tossed it up in the air from the bleachers of the Wilson High athletic field. The height above the ground (ft) of the pita pocket  $t$  seconds after I tossed the nasty thing can be modeled by the function  $h(t) = -16t^2 + 32t + 48$ . I bet you can't figure out how high the pita was flung nor how long it took for the pita to hit the ground."

Lucky Ricky just happened to have a notebook and pencil with him so he sat down in a booth and did some figuring. Ricky once again impressed Abdou by coming up with the correct answer to both of his questions.

Recreate Ricky's calculations and find the correct answers to each of Abdou's stumpers.

5. The hypotenuse of a certain right triangle is 3 inches longer than twice the length of one of the legs. The other leg of the triangle is 11 inches long. Find, to the nearest  $10^{\text{th}}$  of an inch, the length of the hypotenuse of the triangle.