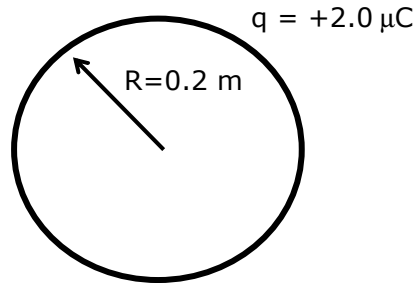


Gauss' Law:

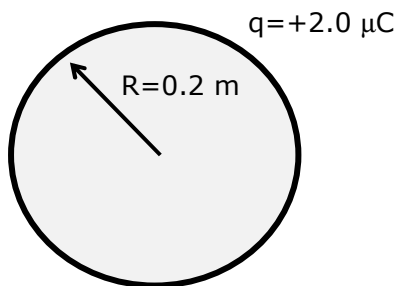
1. Consider a hollow spherical conductive shell of radius (R) 0.2 m with a fixed charge of $+2.0 \mu\text{C}$ uniformly distributed on its surface.



a) What is the electric field at all points inside the sphere? Express your answer as a function of the distance (r) from the center of the sphere.

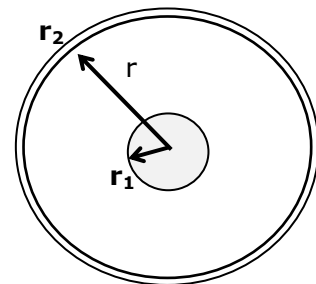
b) What is the electric field outside the sphere? Express your answer as a function of the distance (r) from the center of the sphere.

c) What if the sphere is a solid conductive sphere? What is the electric field at all points inside the sphere? Express your answer as a function of the distance (r) from the center of the sphere.

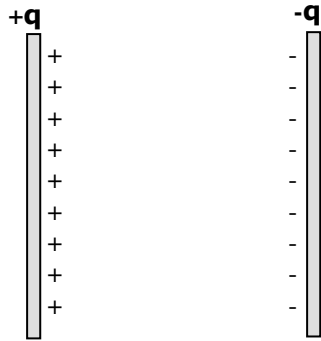


d) What is the electric field at all points outside the sphere? Express your answer as a function of the distance (r) from the center of the sphere.

2. Consider a "line of charge", where the charge per unit length is λ (in C/m) and the line is "infinitely long".
- Draw the line of charge and attempt to draw the E field lines around the line.
 - Apply Gauss's Law to the line of charge and determine the magnitude of the electric field at all points away from the line? Express your answer as a function of the distance (r) from the line of charge.
 - If the surface charge density is 0.5×10^{-3} C/m, what is the magnitude of the electric field at a distance of 0.2 m from the line of charge?
3. Consider two concentric conductive spheres (of radius r_1 and r_2 , respectively). The inner sphere has a uniform surface charge (q) of $+2.0 \mu\text{C}$.
- Draw in the charged regions of the 2 spheres on the diagram. (Remember that charged is induced in the conductive outer sphere)
 - What is the magnitude of the electric field at the following regions?
 - $r < r_1$
 - $r_2 > r > r_1$
 - $r > r_2$



4. The plates of a parallel plate capacitor have a uniform charge of $+1.0\text{ C}$ and -1.0 C , respectively. Each plate is a square with sides of length of 0.5 m .



- a. Apply Gauss' Law to the capacitor to determine the magnitude of the electric field between the plates.

- b. What is the electric force exerted on an electron placed inside the plates of the capacitor?

- c. What is the acceleration of the electron while it is in between the capacitor plates?

- d. For a 0.2 m plate separation, calculate the final speed of an electron (initially at rest), that is placed at the negative charged plate and just reaches the positive plate.